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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/944,299	08/31/2001	Tore Nauta	NL 000484	2163
24737	7590 06/04/2003			
PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NORTH AMERICAN CORP			EXAMINER	
• • • • • • • • • •	80 WHITE PLAINS RD ARRYTOWN, NY 10591		DI GRAZIO, JEANNE A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2871	
			DATE MAILED: 06/04/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
,	09/944,299	NAUTA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jeanne A. Di Grazio	2871				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 M	March 2003 .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims AND Claim(s) 1.14 is/are pending in the application						
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers	r election requirement.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).				
a) The translation of the foreign language pro	ovisional application has been rec	eived.				
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
I.S. Patent and Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Priority to EP-00203129.2 (Sept. 11, 2000) is claimed.

This Action is in response to Amendment of March 17, 2003 and replaces the First Office Action of Dec. 17, 2002.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Numao (US 5,103,328) in view of Weber et al. (US 5,686,979).

Per claims 1 and 10: Numao has a display panel with a light transmissive substrate provided with electrodes at an area of pixels arranged in rows and columns and a second light transmissive substrate and liquid crystalline material between the two substrates (See Col. 3. Lines 20-36). In Numao, the device is pixilated and an LC switch is adapted for consecutively illuminating different rows of pixels (Col. 3. Lines 15-50 and SPEC at page 1 (discussing prior art US 5,103.328)). Numao also has a flat light source / backlight (Id.). Numao does not appear to have at least one reflective polarizer in an optical path between the backlight and display panel; however, Weber has a reflective polarizer between a backlight and LC panel (Please see Figure 9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Numao in view of Weber for a switchable transflector efficient in both a

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transmissive and reflective state that allows for use of at least 80% of available light for the LCD regardless of the light source and also for efficient use of a backlight and that improves battery life (Col. 4, Lines 9-16).

Per claim 11: Numao has an optical shutter in an optical path between an illumination system and light source (Figure 2). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include this limitation to prevent flickering and thus thereby to improve display quality as taught in Numao.

Claims 2-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Numao (US 5,103,328) and Weber et al. (US 5,686,979) as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Shinji (JP-62-119518).

Per claim 2: Numao does not appear to have a waveguide facing the display panel; however, Shinji has a waveguide plate (4) facing the display panel (PAJ). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Numao in view of Shinji for a high-definition device and for guiding output light (See Shinji).

Per claims 3-5: Numao does not appear to have first and second reflective polarizers as noted; however, Weber has a reflective polarizer between an exit face and display panel (Figure 1) and a second reflective polarizer between a switching element and display panel (Figure 1). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Numao in view of Weber for a backlight that can be used under normal lighting conditions and the improved battery life (Col. 4, Lines 9-16).

Claims 6-8 and 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Numao (US 5,103,328) and Weber et al. (US 5,686,979) as applied to claims 1 and 2 above and



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Shinji (JP-62-119518) as applied to claims 2-5 above and further in view of Nauta et al. (US 2002/0030772 A1).

Per claims 6 and 7: Numao does not appear to have a waveguide with means for coupling in light in a direction parallel to the exit face and an illumination system with a backlight and a waveguide of at least one entrance face for light while backlight light can be coupled in along the entrance face extending substantially transversely to the exit face and a selectively switchable light switch is situated between the backlight and the entrance face; however, claims 1 and 2 of Nauta recite all of these elements. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Numao in view of Nauta to: (1) facilitate coupling in of light into the optical waveguide (uniform light source) [0009] and (2) so that the backlight and light switch can be integrated into one assembly (reducing the number of parts and labor) and for alignment in only one dimension [0012] thus resulting in a simpler device.

Per claims 8 and 9: Numao does not appear to have a first reflective polarizer as noted: however, Weber has a first reflective polarizer between backlight and transparent conductive layer (Figure 9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Numao in view of Weber for a backlight that is highly efficient, uses light efficiently in any light source and that reduces battery drain thereby prolonging battery life (Col. 4, Lines 9-16).

Per claims 12 and 13: Numao does not appear to have an optical shutter of a plurality of strip-shaped light transparent electrodes and that corrspond to one of the groups of rows or columns of pixels; however, Nauta has a substrate of strip-shaped electrodes (Claim 8, for example). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

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was made to modify Numao in view of Nauta for a backlight with a much smaller surface area than in conventional displays and for integration into one unit as well as for one dimensional alignment [0012].

Per claim 14: Numao does not appear to have a drive unit; however, Nauta has drive means for presenting signals to data and column electrodes for pixel writing and selective activation [0015]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Namao in view of Nauta for selectively activating groups of rows or columns of pixels for selective writing of pixels that can act as a scanning window that selectively blocks light and that reduces strain on the backlight and that improves battery durability.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jeanne A. Di Grazio whose telephone number is (703)305-7009.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Kim, can be reached on (703) 305-3492. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)746-8741 for regular

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0956.

communications and (703)746-8741 for After Final communications.

Jeanne Andrea Di Grazio

Robert Kim, SPE

JDG June 2, 2003

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